

EUROPEAN PARLIAMENTARY RESEARCH SERVICE

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Towards foresight informed policy making

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Covering:

- 1. What is/isn't foresight?
- 2. Foundations of foresight thinking
- 3. Scenario-based foresight
- 4. Foresight and capabilities of the European Health Union

What is (and isn't) foresight?



What it isn't

• Predicting the future



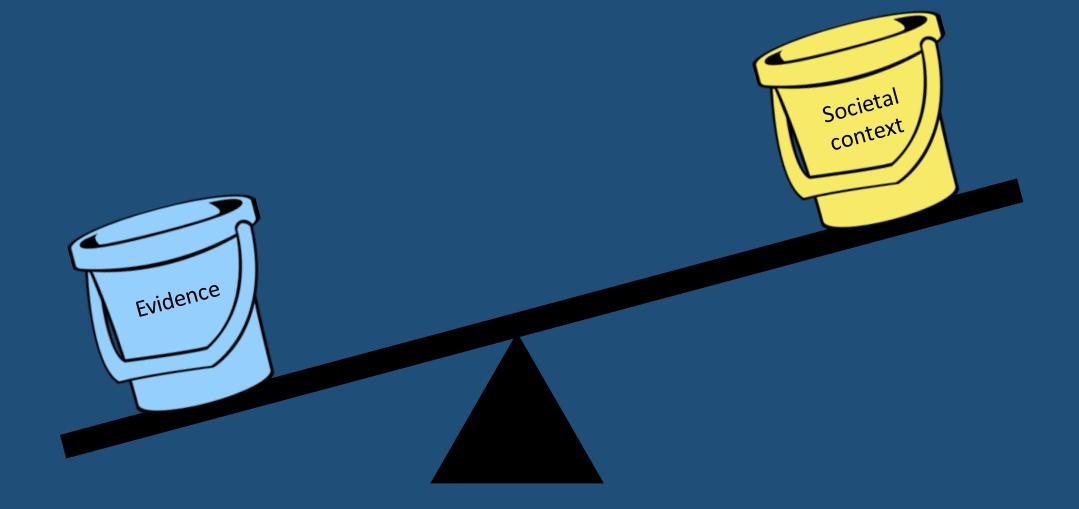
What it is

- Approach, process, way of
 - ✓ critical thinking about the future
 - ✓ minimising surprise by exploring what could happen
 - ✓ preparing for possible future developments

Foresight-based policy-making: beyond the evidence

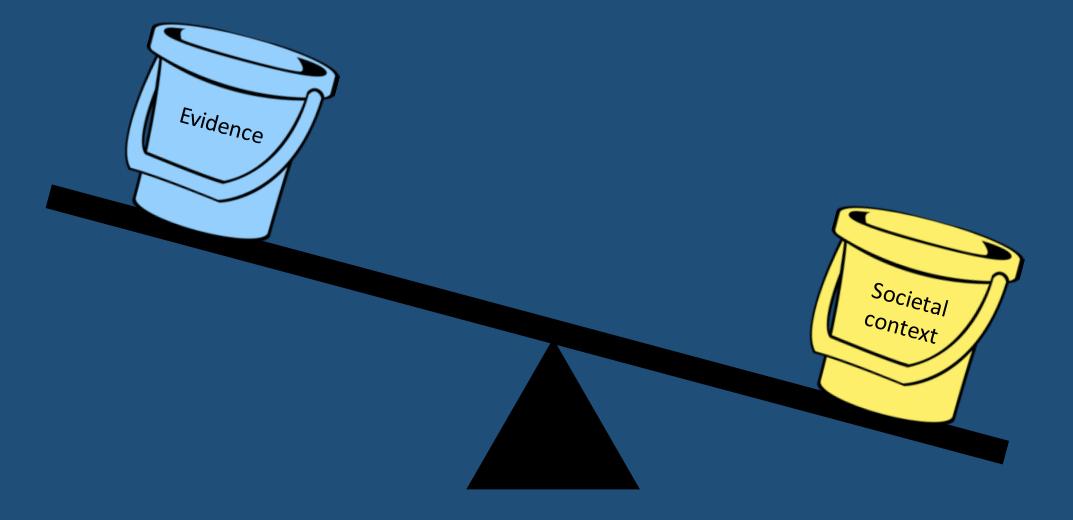
Balancing evidence and societal context

Strictly evidence-based policy...



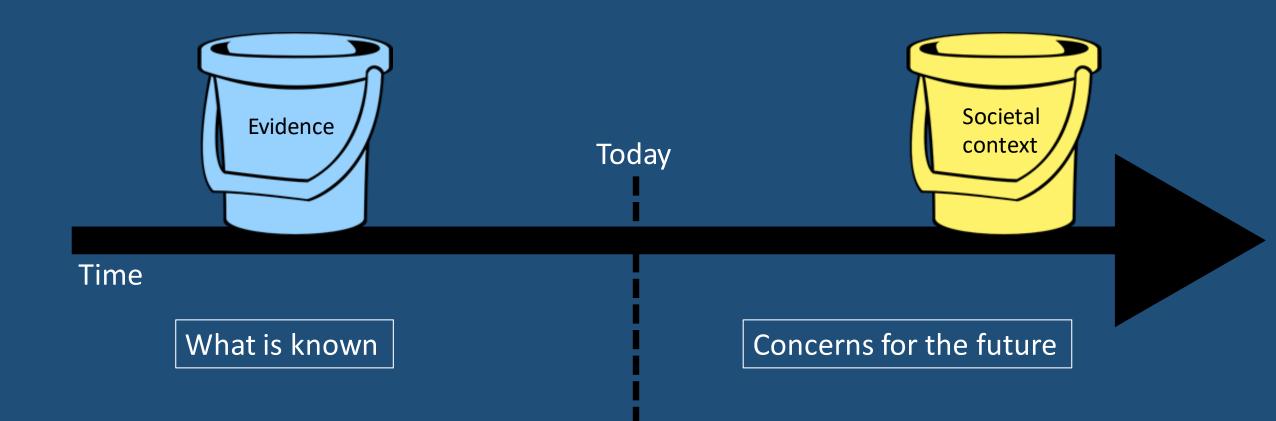
Balancing evidence and societal context

Strictly context-based policy...



Balancing evidence and societal context

Future-oriented evidence-based policy



Example: STOA study



European Parliament

Regulating genome editing: Societal hopes and fears

Strategic foresight

- Anticipates
 - trends,
 - risks,
 - emerging issues /disruptive events, and
 - their potential implications and opportunities
- Draws useful insights for strategic planning, policy-making and preparedness.
- Underpins anticipatory governance

Four foundations of foresight thinking

- 1. Seeing the bigger picture
- 2. Taking a 360-degree view
- 3. Challenging biases
- 4. Exploring possible impacts

Foresight thinking (1) Seeing the bigger picture

Systemic analysis of the ecosystem

• a brief analysis of the ecosystem, asking the open questions

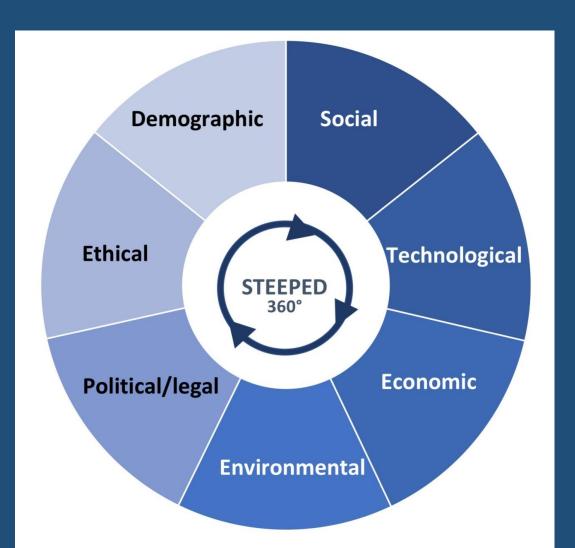
Who...?
What...?
Where...?
When...?
Why...?
How...?

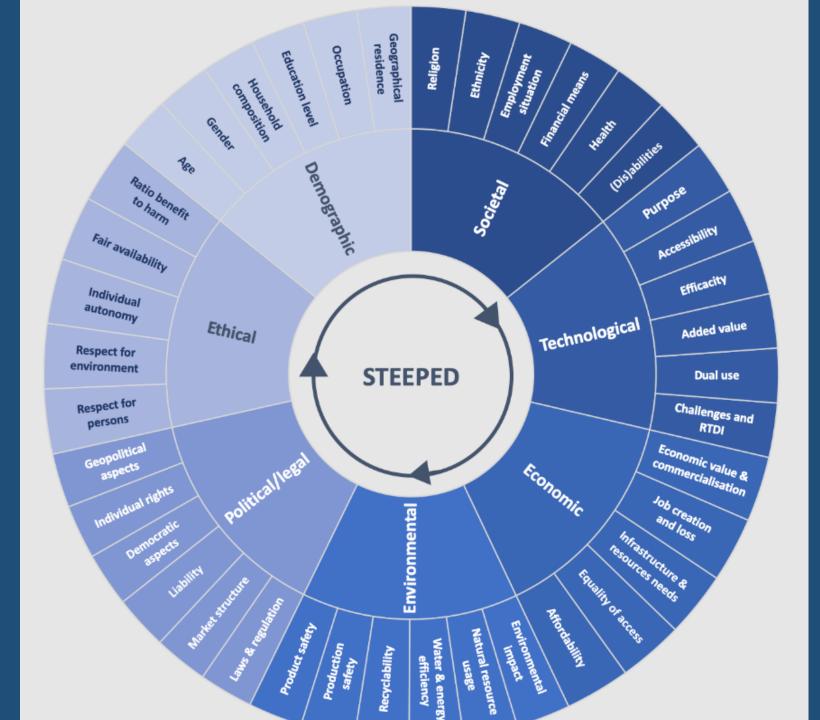
a stakeholders' analysis, listing actors and stakeholders involved

 those who can influence the topic
 those who are affected

Foresight thinking (2) Taking a 360-degree view









Four foundations of foresight thinking

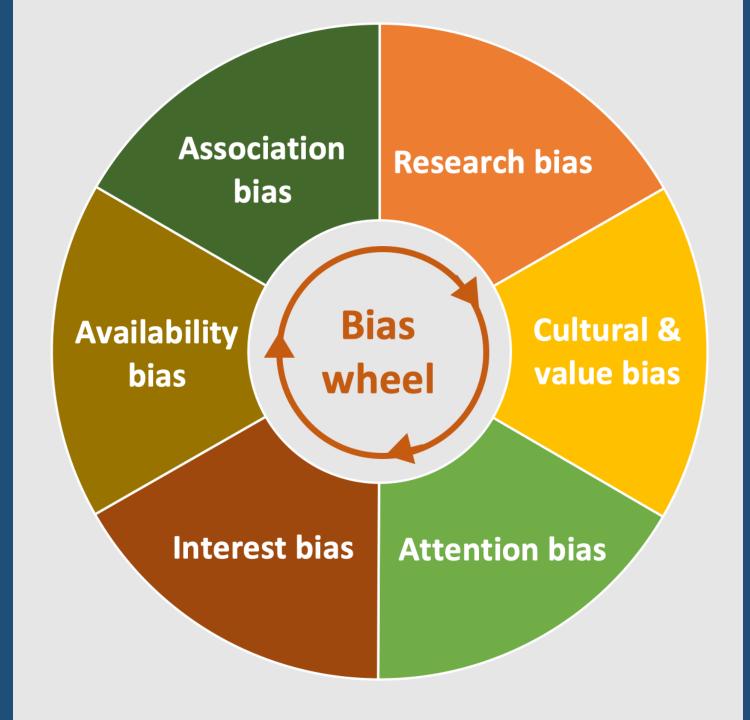


- 1. Seeing the bigger picture
- 2. Taking a 360-degree view
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Foresight thinking (3) Challenge biases

Can we be unbiased and value-free?

- As policymakers?
- As policy advisors?
- As scientists/academics?
- As researchers?
- As citizens?









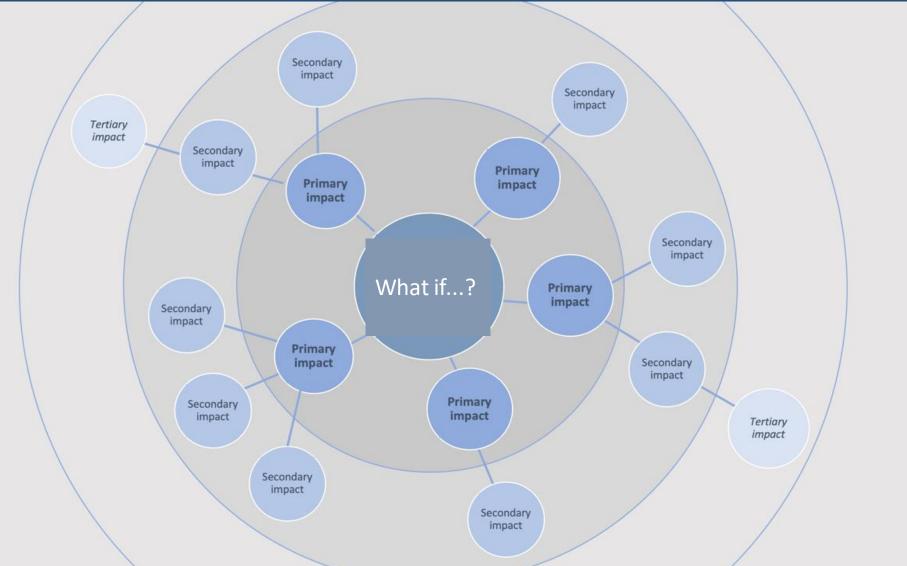
Four foundations of foresight thinking



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Foresight thinking(4) Exploring possible impacts





Scenarios: a foresight tool

Success by imagining the future

- 1960s: Shell's first pioneering with scenarios
 - Interdisciplinary team : economists, engineers, social and natural scientists
 - How the future might unfold? Which impact could this have on the company?
- Challenging the managment to think the unthinkable:

What if the world faced an oil crisis?

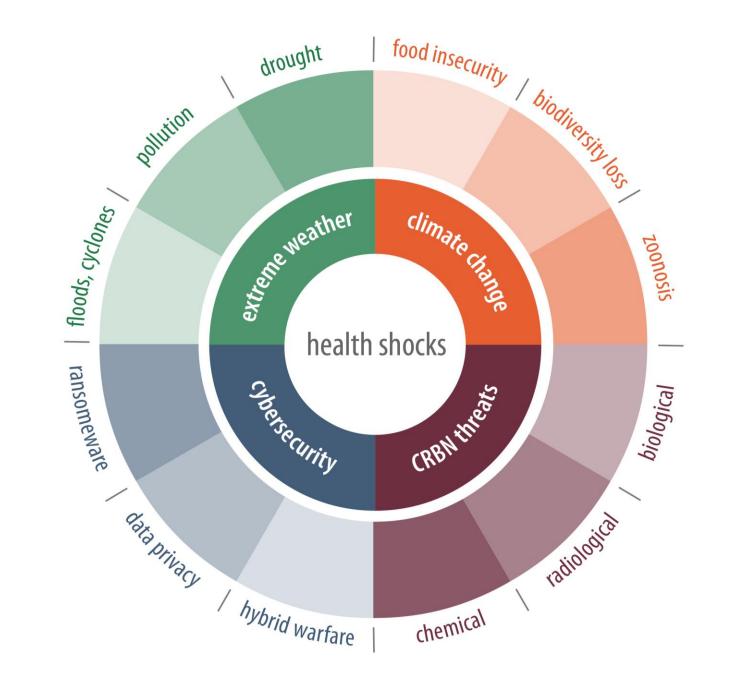
• October 1973: Oil crisis

Shell's decision-makers were mentally prepared for the worst because they had already imagined it.

Movie Contagion (2011)

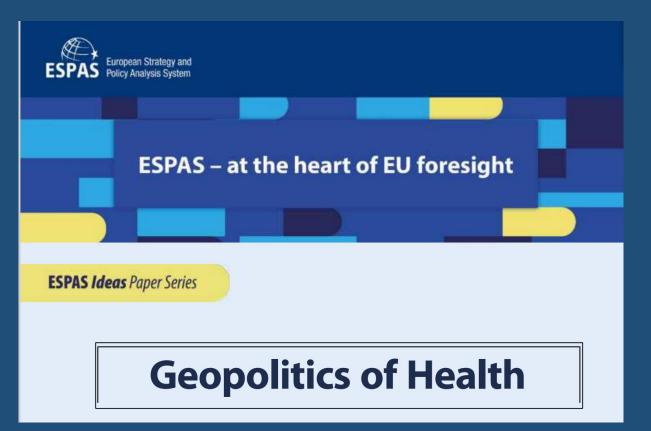
By imagining, we can prepare and get control







Guidelines for foresight-based policy analysis https://www.europarl.europa.eu/stoa/en/document/ EPRS_STU(2021)690031





Geopolitics of Health

https://espas.eu/files/Geopolitics_of_Health-ESPAS_Ideas_Paper-25.08.2022.pdf



Thank you!

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