

# IDENTIFICATION OF METHODOLOGICAL ISSUES AND INDICATORS OF DIRECT IMPACT OF COVID-19

The PHIRI (<u>Population Health Information Research Infrastructure</u>) project aims to provide a synthesis of the evidence assessing methodological issues and indicators of direct impact of COVID-19 on population morbidity and mortality.

Several practical considerations for developing and choosing health indicators were taken in Europe during the COVID-19 crisis. Therefore, it is vital to understand the methodological issues to assess how comparable, solid and consistent are the existing health indicators to measure the direct impact of COVID-19 in health promotion, prevention and care. For instance, it is difficult to compare numbers of cases between countries because of the vast differences in testing policies. Additionally, there is a gap in summarising indicators to measure the direct impact of COVID-19 used in the general population such as severe cases needing hospitalisation across studies and countries

#### **Process:**

A scoping literature review is being generated on published articles to identify indicators of direct impact of COVID-19. Calculation, data sources and use limitations will be described in a future paper. Since October 2021 a protocol is available at <a href="Open Science Framework">Open Science Framework</a>. The task has been conducted through 3 stages:

#### Stage 1:

A search strategy has been launched identifying 4153 records from PubMed, EMBASE and WHO COVID-19 databases (November 2021). The Spanish leading team has trained 13 researchers from 10 PHIRI partner institutions across Europe in using an online tool to deal with the selection of scientific articles for literature reviews (Ryyan). By January 2022, 3891 titles and abstracts were screened in a peer-review process.

## Stage 2:

European researchers from PHIRI participating institutions reviewed **720 articles in full** potentially containing health indicators of direct impact of COVID-19. Of them, **433 matched** the inclusion criteria for retrieving information regarding health indicators of direct impact.

## Stage 3:

The extraction of health indicators for the selected papers has been concluded (May 2022). That information has been retrieved from a random

sample of 66 papers out of 433 (15%). Two hundred thirty three (233) health indicators will contribute to describe how the direct impact of COVID-91 has been measured.

#### Planned activities:

- Assessment of retrieved indicators (June 2022)
- Dissemination
  - XL Annual Scientific Meeting of the <u>Spanish Society of Epidemiology</u> (San Sebastián, Spain; Sep 2022)
  - 15th European Public Health Conference (Berlin, Germany; Nov 2022) – Workshop "Summarising research evidence related to COVID-19 impact on the findings"
  - o <u>ESCAIDE Conference</u> (Stockholm, Sweden; Nov 2022)
- Paper and final report: Draft (June 2022)
- Submission for publication (July 2022)

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